





# Monetary Policy during Demographic Changes

G20 Symposium January 17, 2019

Institute for Monetary and Economic Studies

Bank of Japan

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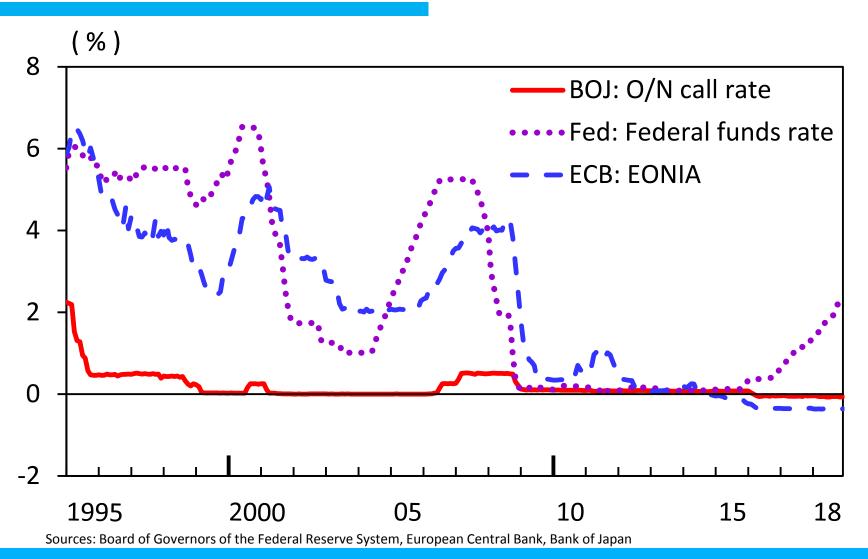


# Plan of Today's Talk

- 1. Introduction
- 2. Sequencing of Policy Normalization
- 3. Monetary Policy Framework
  - Larger CB B/S and M-Mkt Operations
  - Policy guideposts and policy toolkits
  - Policy effectiveness
  - Policy philosophy
- 4. Revisiting Price Stability Concept

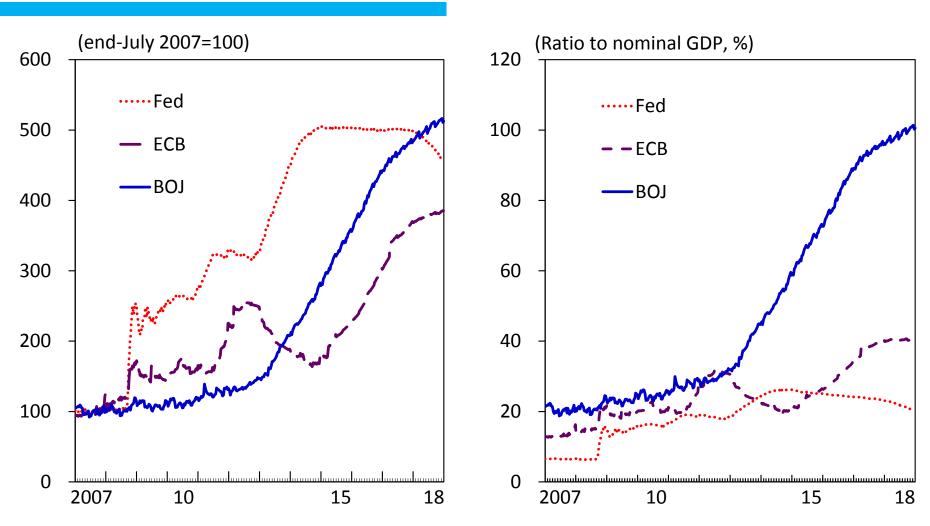


#### **Overnight Interest Rates**





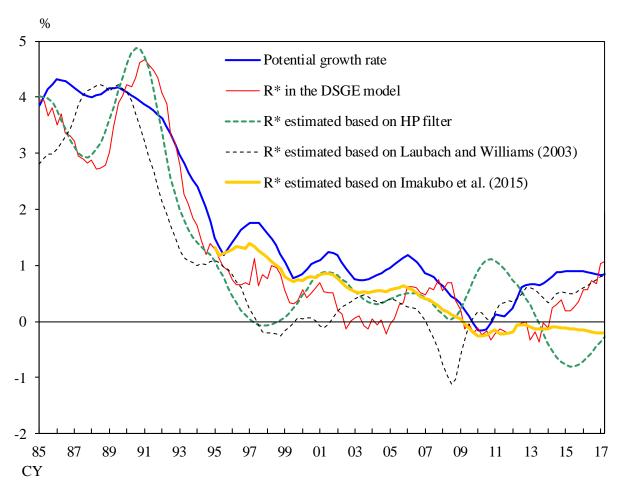
## Balance Sheet Size for Major CBs



Sources: Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, European Central Bank, Bank of Japan



#### Natural Rate of Interest in Japan



Source: Nao Sudo, Yosuke Okazaki, and Yasutaka Takizuka "Determinants of the Natural Rate of Interest in Japan -- Approaches based on a DSGE model and OG model -- , "Research LAB No.18-E-1, June 13, 2018

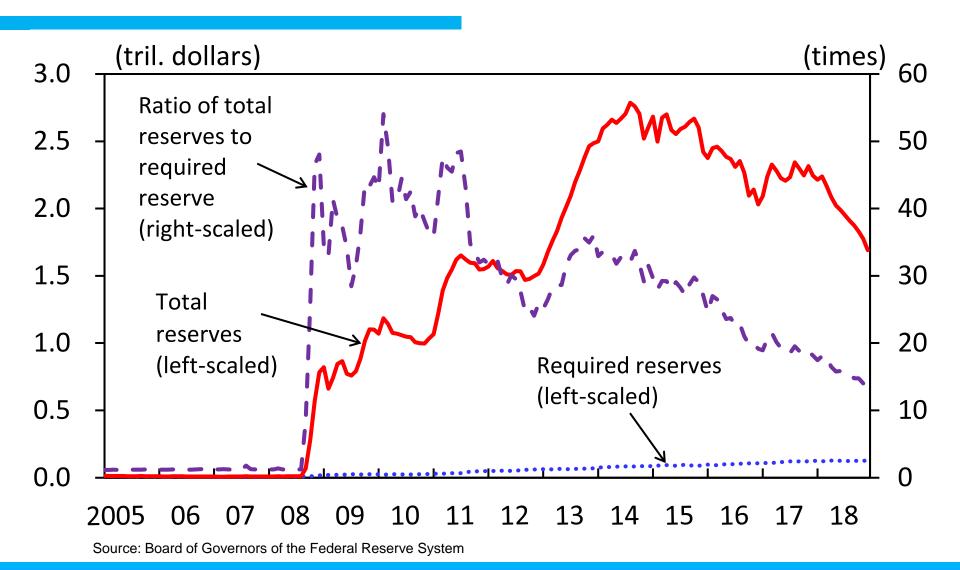


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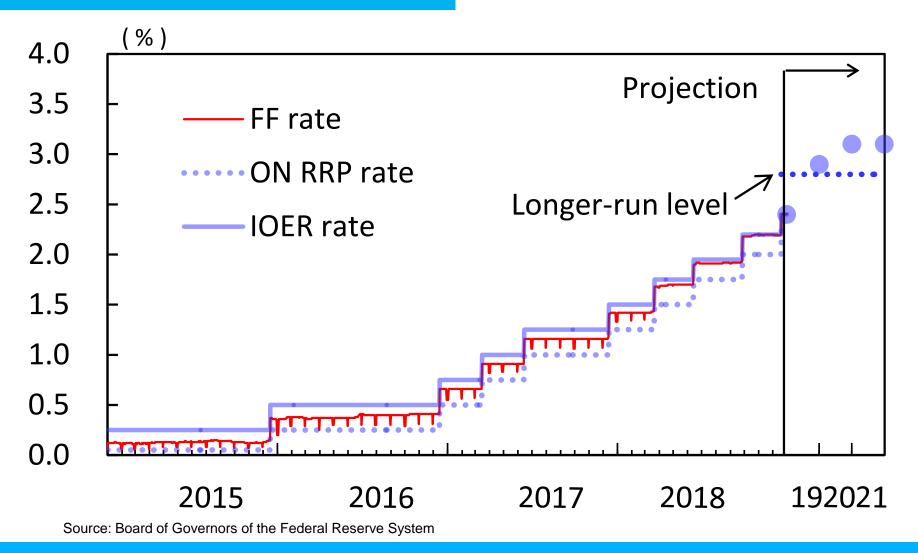


#### Reserve Balances



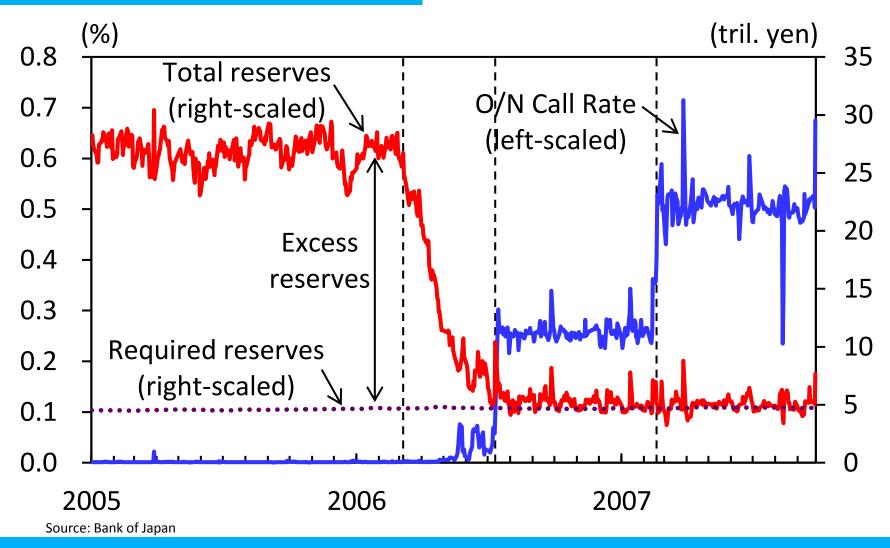


#### **FF Rate Control**





#### BOJ's Exit from QE in 2006



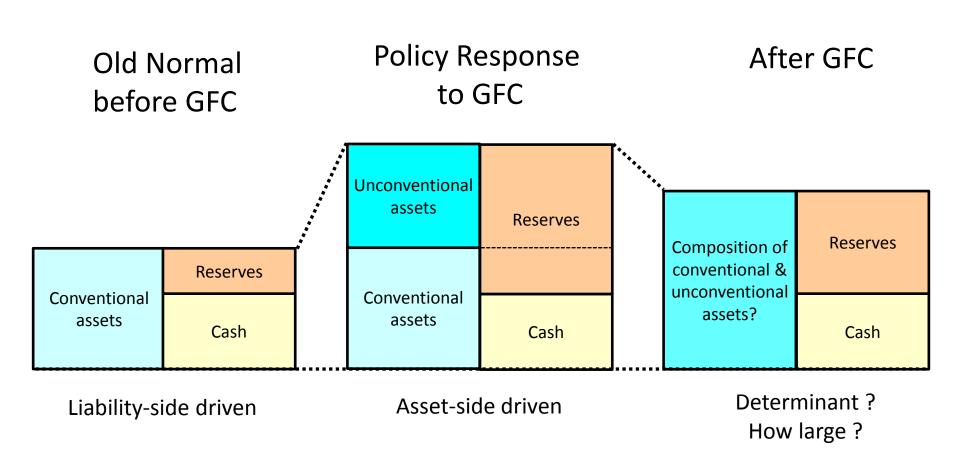


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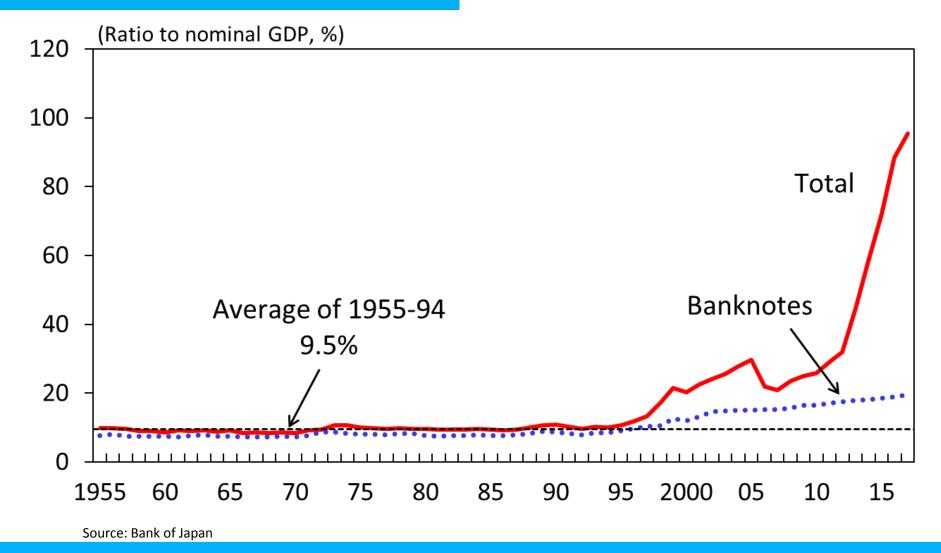


#### Central Bank Balance Sheet



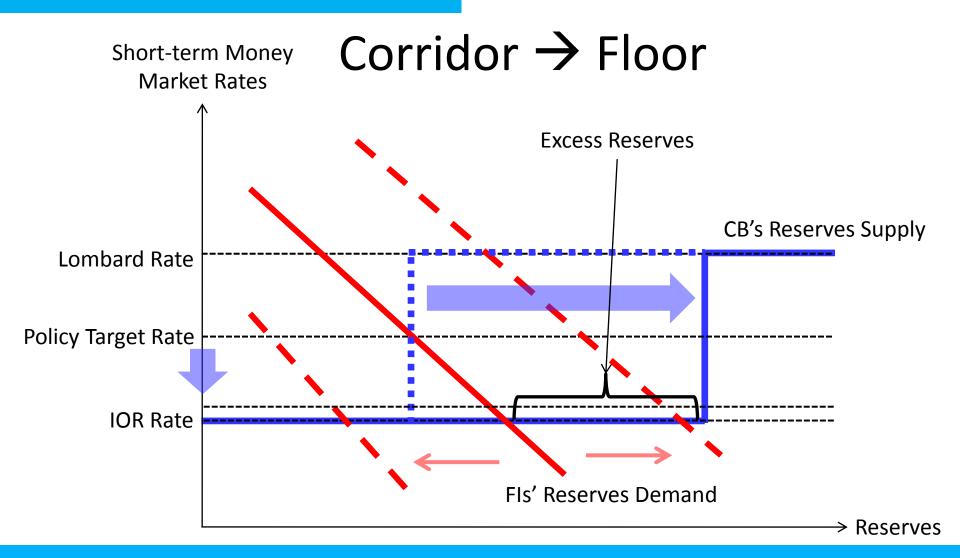


#### **BOJ Balance Sheet Size**



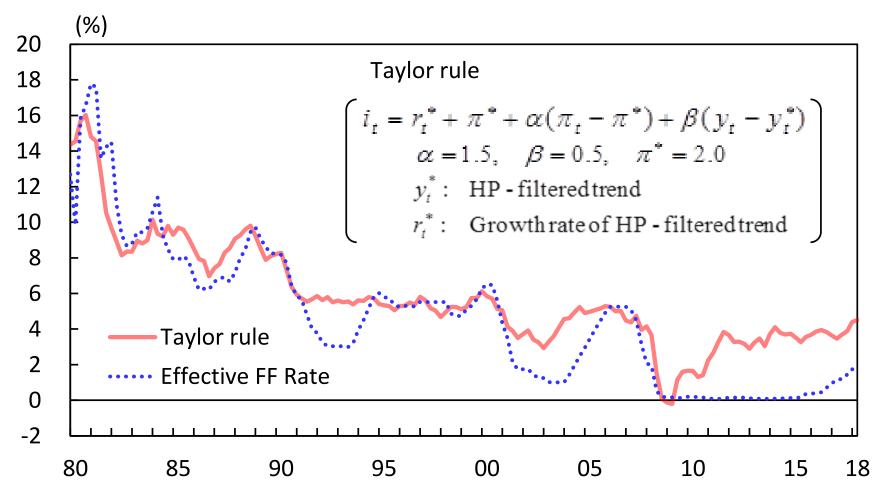


## **Money Market Operations**





#### **Taylor Rule**

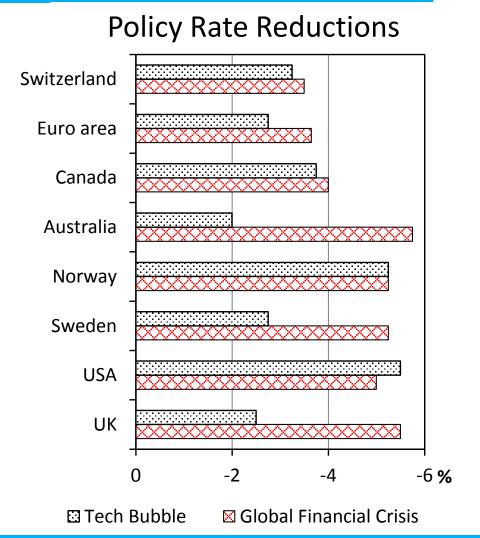


Note: Real GDP and core PCE deflator are used as indicators for output and inflation, respectively.

Source: US Bureau of Economic Analysis



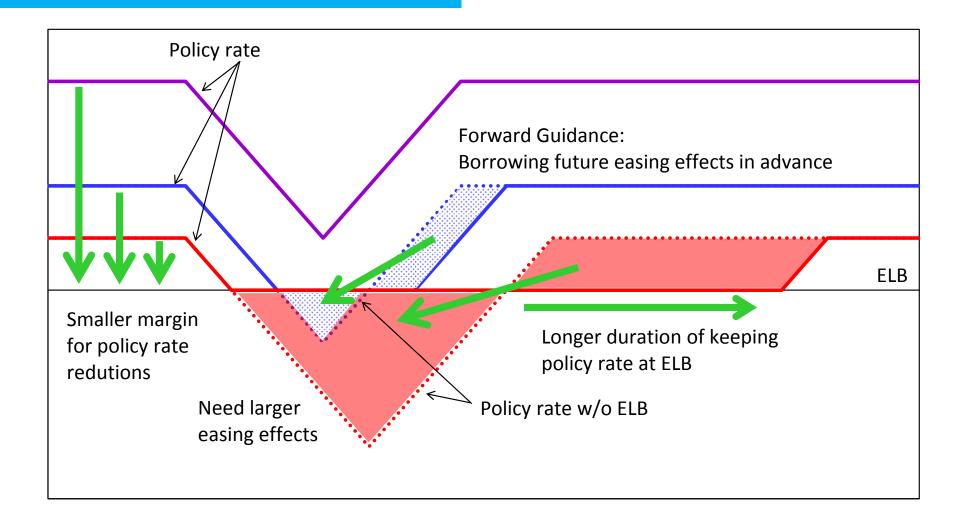
#### Margins to Reduce Policy Rates



- Policy responses in the future
  - LSAP?
  - Negative rates?
- 2. Policy effectiveness
- 3. Political and economic risks



#### **Policy Effectiveness**





#### Neutrality of MP Operations

#### Before GFC:

- Try to remain neutral
- In some emergency cases: Intervention to malfunctioning markets, restore market functioning

#### • In GFC:

- Intentional & massive interventions
- Policy effectiveness measured as market impacts
- After GFC?



#### **Alternative Frameworks**

- Flexible IT as a Current Best Practice
- Minor Changes:
  - Higher inflation target
  - Average inflation targeting
  - Price level targeting
- Risk Management:
  - To minimize accumulation of imbalances
  - Longer time perspectives in MP making

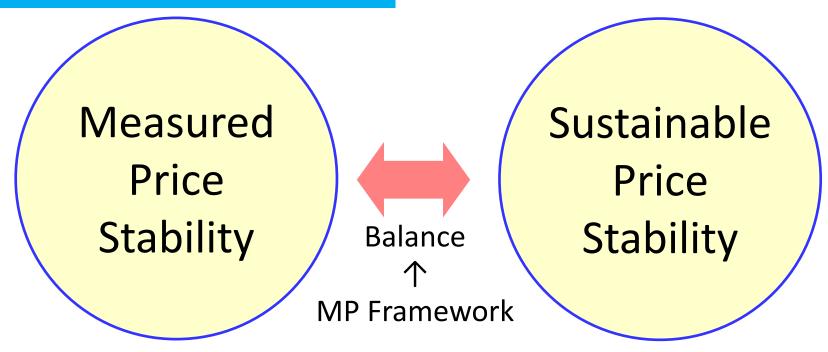


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#### Conceptual Basis for Price Stability



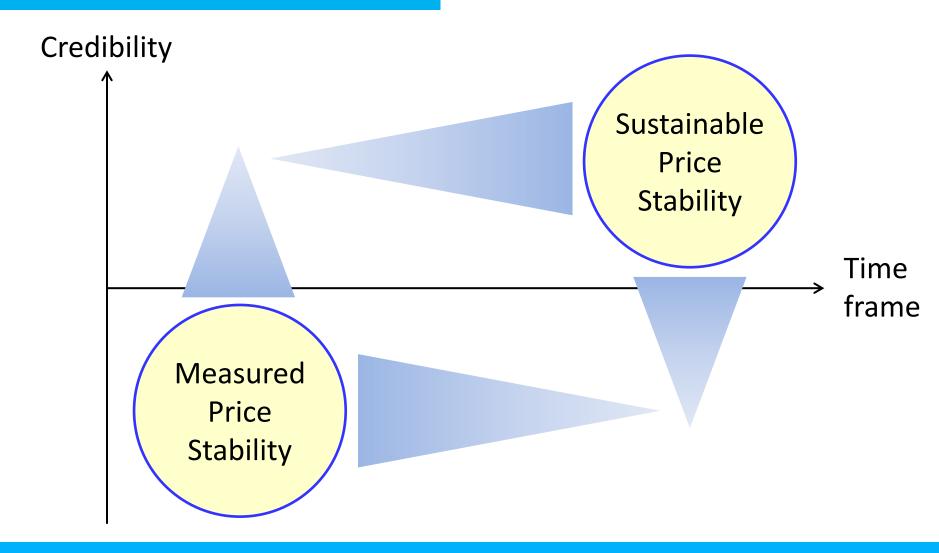
To focus on a specific rate of inflation measured by a specific price index at a particular point in time

To focus on the consistency with medium to long-term sustainable growth

Shigenori Shiratsuka (2001), "Is There a Desirable Rate of Inflation? A Theoretical and Empirical Survey," *Monetary and Economic Studies*, 19(2), Institute for Monetary and Economic Studies Bank of Japan.

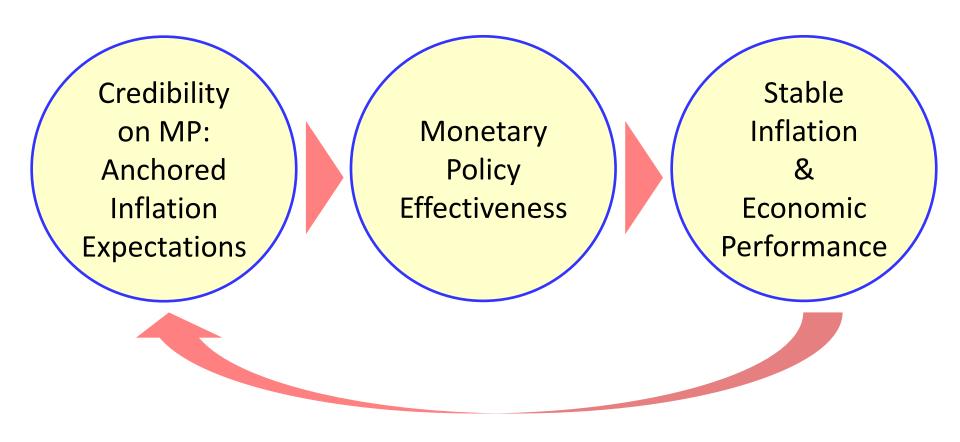


## Balancing Two P-Stabilities





#### Positive Circle for MP Framework





#### Summary

- Effects of Demographic Changes on MP:
   Declined long-run level of policy rates
  - Weaker intertemporal substitution
  - Smaller margin for policy rate reductions
  - New challenges for macroeconomic stabilization
- MP Framework after GFC w/ Larger CB B/S size under Declined Natural Rates:
  - Policy toolkits against large adverse shocks
  - Political and economic risks?



# Summary (Cont'd)

- Monetary Policy Framework:
  - Avoid unnecessary accumulation of economic and financial imbalances
  - Importance of long-term perspectives to assess sustainability of price stability
  - Prerequisite: Anchored long-run inflation expectations close to the target level