Statement on Monetary Policy

1. At the Monetary Policy Meeting held today, the Policy Board of the Bank of Japan decided, by an 8-1 majority vote, to set the following guideline for money market operations for the intermeeting period:[Note 1]

The Bank of Japan will conduct money market operations so that the monetary base will increase at an annual pace of about 80 trillion yen.

2. With regard to the asset purchases, the Bank decided, by an 8-1 majority vote, to continue with the following guidelines:[Note 2]

a) The Bank will purchase Japanese government bonds (JGBs) so that their amount outstanding will increase at an annual pace of about 80 trillion yen. With a view to encouraging a decline in interest rates across the entire yield curve, the Bank will conduct purchases in a flexible manner in accordance with financial market conditions. The average remaining maturity of the Bank's JGB purchases will be about 7-10 years.

b) The Bank will purchase exchange-traded funds (ETFs) and Japan real estate investment trusts (J-REITs) so that their amounts outstanding will increase at annual paces of about 3 trillion yen and about 90 billion yen respectively.

c) As for CP and corporate bonds, the Bank will maintain their amounts outstanding at about 2.2 trillion yen and about 3.2 trillion yen respectively.

3. Japan's economy has continued its moderate recovery trend. Overseas economies -- mainly advanced economies -- have been recovering, albeit with a lackluster performance still seen in part. In this situation, exports have been picking up. Business fixed investment has been on a moderate increasing trend as corporate profits have improved. Public investment has more or less leveled off at a high level. Private consumption as a whole has remained resilient against the background of steady improvement in the employment and income situation, although recovery in some areas has been sluggish. Housing investment, which continued to decline following the front-loaded increase prior to the consumption tax hike, has recently started to bottom out. Against the backdrop of these developments in demand
both at home and abroad, industrial production has been picking up, due in part to the progress in inventory adjustments. Meanwhile, financial conditions are accommodative. On the price front, the year-on-year rate of increase in the consumer price index (CPI, all items less fresh food), excluding the direct effects of the consumption tax hike, is around 0.5 percent. Inflation expectations appear to be rising on the whole from a somewhat longer-term perspective.

4. With regard to the outlook, Japan's economy is expected to continue its moderate recovery trend. The year-on-year rate of increase in the CPI is likely to slow for the time being, reflecting the decline in energy prices.

5. Risks to the outlook include developments in the emerging and commodity-exporting economies, the prospects regarding the debt problem and the risk of low inflation rates being protracted in Europe, and the pace of recovery in the U.S. economy.

6. Quantitative and qualitative monetary easing (QQE) has been exerting its intended effects, and the Bank will continue with QQE, aiming to achieve the price stability target of 2 percent, as long as it is necessary for maintaining that target in a stable manner. It will examine both upside and downside risks to economic activity and prices, and make adjustments as appropriate. [Note 3]
(Reference)

Meeting hours:
   February 17 : 14:00-16:18
   February 18 :  9:00-11:44

Policy Board members present:
   Haruhiko Kuroda (Governor)
   Kikuo Iwata (Deputy Governor)
   Hiroshi Nakaso (Deputy Governor)
   Ryuzo Miyao
   Yoshihisa Morimoto
   Sayuri Shirai
   Koji Ishida
   Takehiro Sato
   Takahide Kiuchi

(Others present)

February 17
   From the Ministry of Finance:
      Makoto Nakagawa, Councilor (14:00-16:18)
   From the Cabinet Office:
      Mamoru Maekawa, Director-General, Economic and Fiscal Management (14:00-16:18)

February 18
   From the Ministry of Finance:
      Ichiro Miyashita, State Minister of Finance (9:00-11:30, 11:39-11:44)
   From the Cabinet Office:
      Yasutoshi Nishimura, State Minister of Cabinet Office (9:00-11:30, 11:39-11:44)

Release of the Monthly Report of Recent Economic and Financial Developments:
   14:00 on Thursday, February 19 (Japanese)
   16:30 on Friday, February 20 (English)
   -- The English translation of the summary of the Monthly Report will be released at
   14:00 on Thursday, February 19

Release of the minutes:
   8:50 on Friday, March 20